Safety Data Sheet FLUORESCENT AEROSOL PAINT

SDS Revision Date: 01/22/2015 REV 2 03/09/2016

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product Identity FLUORESCENT AEROSOL PAINT **Alternate Names** FLUORESCENT AEROSOL PAINT

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use See Technical Data Sheet. See Technical Data Sheet. **Application Method**

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Name Harris Paints Company

PO Box 364723

San Juan, P.R. 00936-4723

Emergency

CHEMTREC (USA) (800) 424-9300 **Customer Service: Harris Paints Company** 787-798-1005

2. Hazard identification of the product

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flam. Gas 1;H220 Extremely flammable gas.

Press. Gas:H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Acute Tox. 4:H302 Harmful if swallowed.

Asp Tox 1; H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

Skin Irrit. 2:H315 Causes skin irritation. Germ Cell Mut 1B; H340 May cause genetic defects

Repr. 2;H361D Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

STOT SE 3:H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Specific Target **STOT RE 2;H373**

Organs: (Not Available)

Eye Irrit. 2;H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Simple Asphyxiant May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

Carc 1B; H350 May cause cancer

2.2. Label elements

Using the Toxicity Data listed in section 11 and 12 the product is labeled as follows.



Danger

- H220 Extremely flammable gas.
- H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
- H302 Harmful if swallowed.
- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation
- H336 May cause drowsiness and dizziness.
- H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

[Prevention]:

- P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
- P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- P210 Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces No smoking.
- P261 Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapors / spray.
- P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.
- P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- P273 Avoid release to the environment.
- P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.

[Response]:

- P301+312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor / physician if you feel unwell.
- P302+352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
- P304+340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
- P308+313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice / attention.
- P314 Get Medical advice / attention if you feel unwell.
- P321 Specific treatment (see information on this label).
- P330 Rinse mouth.
- P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
- P377 Leaking gas fire do not extinguish unless leak can be stopped safely.
- P381 Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.
- P391 Collect spillage.

[Storage]:

- P403+233 Store in a well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
- P405 Store locked up.
- P410 Protect from sunlight.

[Disposal]:

P501 Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local / national regulations.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

This product contains the following substances that present a hazard within the meaning of the relevant State and Federal Hazardous Substances regulations.

Ingredient/Chemical Designations	Weight %	GHS Classification	Notes
Toluene CAS Number: 0000108-88-3	10 - 20	Flam. Liq. 2;H225 Repr. 2;H361d Asp. Tox. 1;H304 STOT RE 2;H373 Skin Irrit. 2;H315 STOT SE 3;H336	[1][2]
Propane CAS Number: 0000074-98-6	10 - 25	Flam. Gas 1;H220 Press. Gas;H280	[1][2]
Butane CAS Number: 0000106-97-8	10 - 25	Flam. Gas 1;H220 Press. Gas;H280	[1][2]
Magnesium silicate CAS Number: 0001343-88-0	1.0 - 10	Not Classified	[1]
Acetone Cas Number: 67-64-1	10 - 20	Flammable liquid - category 2,H225 Eye irritation - category 2 H319 Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) - category 3 H336	[1][2]
2-Butanone oxime CAS Number: 0000096-29-7	0.10 - 0.20	Carc. 2;H351 Acute Tox. 4;H312 Eye Dam. 1;H318 Skin Sens. 1;H317	[1]
Kylene (o-, m-, p- isomers) CAs Nmber: 1330-20-7	0.01 – 0.10	Skin Irrit. 2;H315	[1][2]
Ethylbenzene Cas Number:100-41-4	0.10 -0.50	Flam. Liq, 2 Asp Hazard 1; H304 Carc 2, H351 Eye irritation - 2 H319 Skin Irrit. 2;H315 STOT RE 2;H373	[1][2]
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic CAS Number 64742-95-6	1.0 -10.0	Carc, H350 Germ Cell Mut H340 ASP Tox H304	[1][2]
Vinyl toluene CAS Number: 0025013-15-4	5.0 – 15	Skin Irrit. 2;H315	[1][2]

^[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard.

4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air, keep patient warm and at rest. If breathing is irregular or stopped, give

^[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit.

^[3] PBT-substance or vPvB-substance.

^{*}The full texts of the phrases are shown in Section 16.

artificial respiration. If unconscious place in the recovery position and obtain immediate

medical attention. Give nothing by mouth.

Eyes Irrigate copiously with clean water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart and

seek medical attention.

Skin Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use a

recognized skin cleanser.

Ingestion Do not induce vomiting, give plenty of water. Seek medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Overview Skin: Can dry and defeat skin causing cracks, irritation and dermatitis.

Ingestion: Can cause gastrointestinal irritation, vomiting, nausea and diarrhea.

Inhalation: Dizziness, nauseas, breathing difficulty, headaches & loss of coordination. Prolonged overexposure to vapor or mist may produce chemical pneumonitis.

Eye: Slight eye irritation, redness and blurred vision.

Not listed as a carcinogen by NTP, IARC, and OSHA

Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated by Exposure: Anesthesia, respiratory tract irritation, dermatitis, nausea, vomiting.

Exposure to solvent vapor concentrations from the component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversible damage. See section 2 for further details.

Inhalation May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

SkinCauses skin irritation.IngestionHarmful if swallowed.

5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Recommended extinguishing media; alcohol resistant foam, CO₂, powder, water spray. Do not use; water jet.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous decomposition: May cause hazardous fumes when heated to decomposition. Fumes may contain carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, oxides of nitrogen and oxides of metals listed in section II. Fumes may also contain oxides of nitrogen.

Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces - No smoking.

Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapors / spray.

5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Respiratory equipment should be worn to avoid inhalation of concentrated vapors. Water should not be used except as fog to keep nearby containers cool.

Due to pressure build-up, closed containers exposed to extreme heat may explode. During emergency conditions, over-exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

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6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow spills to enter drains or waterways.

Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local state and federal hazardous regulations. Obey relevant law. Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in section 8. Stop spill at source. Eliminate ignition sources, provide good ventilation, dike spill area and add absorbent earth or sawdust to spilled liquid. Thoroughly wet with water and mix.

All personal not wearing protective equipment should be excluded form the area of the spill until cleanup has been completed.

7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash hands before eating. Use only in a well-ventilated area. Follow all SDS/label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residues. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Handle containers carefully to prevent damage and spillage.

Incompatible materials: Alkaline materials, strong acids and oxidizing materials.

Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Do not store above 120 ° F. Store large quantities in buildings designed and protected for storage of NFPA Class I flammable liquids. Contents under pressure. Do not expose to heat or store above 120 ° F.

See section 2 for further details. - [Storage]:

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

8. Exposure controls and personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
0000074-98-6 Propane	Propane	OSHA	TWA 1000 ppm (1800 mg/m3)
		ACGIH	Ensure Minimal Oxygen Content (ACGIH appendix F)
		NIOSH	TWA 1000 ppm (1800 mg/m3)
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0000106-97-8	Butane	OSHA	No Established Limit
		ACGIH	TWA: 600 ppm STEL: 750 ppm
		NIOSH	TWA 800 ppm (1900 mg/m3)
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0000108-88-3	Toluene	OSHA	TWA 200 ppm C 300 ppm 500 ppm (10-minute maximum peak) STEL 150 ppm
		ACGIH	TWA: 20 ppmR
		NIOSH	TWA 100 ppm (375 mg/m3) ST 150 ppm (560 mg/m3)
		Supplier	No Established Limit
		OSHA	TWA: 1000 ppm; STE: 2400 mg/m3
067-64-1	Acetone	ACGIH	STEL: 750ppm, TWA: 500 ppm
		NIOSH	TWA: 250 ppm; TWA: 590 mg/m3; LEL 2500ppm
		Supplier	No Established Limit
001343-88-0	Magnesium silicate	OSHA	No Established Limit
		ACGIH	No Established Limit
		NIOSH	No Established Limit
		Supplier	No Established Limit
000096-29-7	2-Butanone oxime	OSHA	No Established Limit
		ACGIH	No Established Limit
		NIOSH	No Established Limit
		Supplier	No Established Limit
1330-20-7 Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)		OSHA	TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 435 mg/m³ (vacated) TWA: 100 ppm (vacated) TWA: 435 mg/m³ (vacated) STEL: 150 ppm (vacated) STEL: 655 mg/m³
		ACGIH	STEL: 150 ppm, TWA: 100 ppm
		NIOSH	No Established Limit
		Supplier	No Established Limit
00-41-4	Ethylbenzene	OSHA	TWA: 100ppm
		ACGIH	TLV-TEL: 100 ppm, TLV-STEL:125 ppm
		NIOSH	No Established Limit
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0064742-95-6	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	OSHA	No Established Limit
		ACGIH	No Established Limit

		NIOSH	No Established Limit
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0025013-15-4	Vinyl toluene	OSHA	TWA 100 ppm (480 mg/m3)
		ACGIH	TWA: 25 ppm STEL: 75 ppm
		NIOSH	TWA 100 ppm (480 mg/m3)
		Supplier	No Established Limit

Carcinogen Data

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value		
0000074-98-6	Propane	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No		
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No		
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;		
0000106-97-8	Butane	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No		
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No		
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;		
0000108-88-3	Toluene	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No		
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No		
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: Yes; Group 4: No;		
0001343-88-0	Magnesium silicate	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No		
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No		
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;		
		OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No		
67-64-1	Acetone	NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No		
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;		
0000096-29-7	29-7 2-Butanone oxime		Select Carcinogen: No		
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No		
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;		
		OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No		
1330-20-7	1330-20-7 Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)		Known: Yes; Suspected: No		
		IARC	Group 1: NO; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3:YES; Group 4: No;		
100 11 1		OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No		
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No		
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: Yes; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;		
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic		OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No		
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No		
		IARC	Group 1: Yes; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;		
0025013-15-4	Vinyl toluene	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No		
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No		
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: Yes; Group 4: No;		

8.2. Exposure controls

Respiratory When spraying this material use a NIOSH approved cartridge respirator or gasmask

suitable to keep airborne mists and vapor concentration below threshold limit values. When using in poorly ventilated and confined spaces, use a fresh air supplying respirator or a

self-contained breathing apparatus.

Eyes Use chemical safety glasses, goggles, and face shields for eye protection.

Skin Use impermeable aprons and protective clothing whenever possible to prevent skin

contact. The uses of head caps whenever possible are strongly recommended. Chemical

resistant gloves.

Engineering Controls General mechanical ventilation or local exhaust should be suitable to keep vapor

concentrations below TLV. Ventilation equipment must be explosion proof.

hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly

remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance Gas
Odor Strong

Odor threshold

pH

Not Measured

Not Measured

Melting point / freezing point

Initial boiling point and boiling range

Flash Point

Evaporation rate (Ether = 1)

Not Measured

-156F (Setaflash)

Faster than ether

Flammability (solid, gas) Gas

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits Lower Explosive Limit: 1.2 in air by volume

Upper Explosive Limit: 8.0 in air by volume

Vapor pressure (Pa) 3.4 mmHg **Vapor Density** Heavier than air **Specific Gravity** 1.01 (H2O = 1)Insoluble Solubility in Water Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow) Not Measured Not Measured **Auto-ignition temperature** Not Measured **Decomposition temperature** Viscosity (cSt) Not Measured NFP 1.75 Reactivity limit

9.2. Other information

Reactivity result

No other relevant information.

10. Stability and reactivity

1.27

10.1. Reactivity

Hazardous Polymerization will not occur.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal circumstances.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Excessive heat, poor ventilation, corrosive atmospheres, excessive aging.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Alkaline materials, strong acids and oxidizing materials.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

May cause hazardous fumes when heated to decomposition. Fumes may contain carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, oxides of nitrogen and oxides of metals listed in section II. Fumes may also contain oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Exposure to solvent vapor concentrations from the component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversible damage.

2-butoxyethanol and its acetate are readily absorbed through the skin and will cause harmful effects on the blood.

Ingredient	Oral LD50, mg/kg	Skin LD50, mg/kg	Inhalation Vapor LD50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Dust/Mist LD50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Gas LD50, ppm
Toluene - (108-88-3)	636.00, Rat - Category: 4	8,400.00, Rabbit - Category: NA	No data available	No data available	No data available
Propane - (74-98-6)	No data available	No data available	658.00, Rat - Category: NA	No data available	No data available
Butane - (106-97-8)	No data available	No data available	658.00, Rat - Category: NA	No data available	No data available
Magnesium silicate - (1343-88-0)	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
Acetone (67-64-1)	No data available	No data available	= 50100 mg/m ³ (Rat) 8 h	No data available	No data available
2-Butanone oxime - (96-29-7)	930.00, Rat - Category: 4	2,000.00, Rabbit - Category: 4	20.00, Rat - Category: 4	No data available	5,000.00, Rat - Category: 4
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) 1330-20-7	= 4300 mg/kg(Rat)	> 1700 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 47635 mg/L (Rat) 4 h = 5000 ppm (Rat) 4 h	No data available	No data available
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	3,500 mg/kg (rat)	15 mg (24hr) Rabbit (mild)	4,000ppm (rat)	No data available	No data available
Solvent naptha (petroleum), light aromatic (64742-95-6)	>2150 (quail) 8400 (rat)	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
Vinyl toluene - (25013-15-4)	2,255.00, Rat - Category: 5	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available

Note: When no route specific LD50 data is available for an acute toxin, the converted acute toxicity point estimate was used in the calculation of the product's ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimate).

Classification	Category	Hazard Description	
Acute toxicity (oral)	4	Harmful if swallowed.	
Acute toxicity (dermal)		Not Applicable	
Acute toxicity (inhalation)		Not Applicable	
Skin corrosion/irritation	2	Causes skin irritation.	
Serious eye damage/irritation	2	Causes serious eye irritation	
Respiratory sensitization		Not Applicable	
Skin sensitization		Not Applicable	
Germ cell mutagenicity	1B	May cause genetic defects	
Carcinogenicity	1B	May cause Cancer	
Reproductive toxicity	2	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.	
STOT-single exposure	3	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
STOT-repeated exposure	2	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Aspiration hazard		Not Applicable	

12. Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

No additional information provided for this product. See Section 3 for chemical specific data.

Aquatic Ecotoxicity

Ingredient	96 hr LC50 fish, mg/l	48 hr EC50 crustacea, mg/l	ErC50 algae, mg/l
Toluene - (108-88-3)	5.80, Oncorhynchus mykiss	19.60, Daphnia magna	Not Available
Propane - (74-98-6)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Butane - (106-97-8)	6.00, Fish (Piscis)	Not Available	Not Available
Magnesium silicate - (1343-88-0)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Acetone	96h LC50: 4.74 - 6.33 mL/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) 96h LC50: 6210 - 8120 mg/L (Pimephales promelas) 96h LC50: = 8300 mg/L (Lepomis macrochirus)	Not Available	10294 - 17704 mg/L
2-Butanone oxime - (96-29-7)	320.00, Leuciscus idus	500.00, Daphnia magna	83.00 (72 hr), Scenedesmus subspicatus
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) 1330-20-7	13.4 mg/L (Pimephales promelas) 661 - 4.093 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) 13.5 - 17.3 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) 13.1 - 16.5 mg/L (Lepomis macrochirus) 19 mg/L (Lepomis macrochirus) 7.711 - 9.591 mg/L	3.82 mg/	Not Available

	(Lepomis macrochirus) 23.53 - 29.97 mg/L (Pimephales promelas) 780 mg/L (Cyprinus carpio) > 780 mg/L (Cyprinus carpio) 30.26 - 40.75 mg/L (Poecilia reticulata)		
Ehtylbezene (100-41-4)	32.0-97.1 mg/l	Not Available	Not Available
Solvent naptha (petroleum) light aromatic	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Vinyl toluene - (25013-15-4)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

12.2. Persistence and degradability

There is no data available on the preparation itself.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Not Measured

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This product contains no PBT/vPvB chemicals.

12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Observe all federal, state and local regulations when disposing of this substance.

14. Transport information

DOT (Domestic Surface IMO / IMDG (Ocean ICAO/IATA Transportation) **Transportation**) **14.1. UN number** UN1950 UN1950 UN1950 14.2. UN proper shipping UN1950, Aerosols, Limited Aerosols, Limited Quantity Aerosols, Limited name Quantity, 2.1, NA Quantity 14.3. Transport hazard **DOT Hazard Class: 2.1 IMDG**: 2.1 Air Class: 2.1 DOT Label: 2.1 Sub Class: Not class(es) Applicable 14.4. Packing group Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable

14.5. Environmental hazards

IMDG Marine Pollutant: No

14.6. Special precautions for user

No further information

15. Regulatory information

Regulatory Overview The regulatory data in Section 15 is not intended to be all-inclusive, only selected

regulations are represented.

Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA) All components of this material are either listed or exempt from listing on the TSCA

Inventory.

WHMIS Classification A D2A

US EPA Tier II Hazards Fire: Yes

Sudden Release of Pressure: Yes

Reactive: No Immediate (Acute): Yes

Delayed (Chronic): Yes

EPCRA 311/312 Chemicals and RQs (lbs):

Toluene (1,000.00)

EPCRA 302 Extremely Hazardous:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

EPCRA 313 Toxic Chemicals:

Toluene

Proposition 65 - Carcinogens (>0.0%):

Ethyl Benzene

Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxins (>0.0%):

Toluene

Proposition 65 - Female Repro Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 - Male Repro Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

N.J. RTK Substances (>1%):

Butane

Propane

Toluene

Penn RTK Substances (>1%):

Butane

Propane

Toluene

16. Other information

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, is made with respect to the information contained herein. We accept no responsibility and disclaim all liability for any harmful effects which may be caused by exposure to our products. Customers/users of this product must comply with all applicable health and safety laws, regulations, and orders.

The full text of the phrases appearing in section 3 is:

H220 Extremely flammable gas.

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H302 Harmful if swallowed

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

H340 May cause genetic defects.

H350 May cause cancer

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

This is the first version in the GHS SDS format. Listings of changes from previous versions in other formats are not applicable.

To the best or our knowledge, the information contained here is accurate, obtained from sources believed to be accurate. We neither guarantee that any hazards mentioned are the only ones which exists. The manner of that use and whether there is any infringement of patents is the sole responsibility of the user.

End of Document