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1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product Identity Titanium Acrylic Spray Paint
Alternate Names Titanium Acrylic Spray Paint

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use Gloss Coating – Spray Paint
Application Method See Technical Data Sheet.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Name Harris Paints Company

PO Box 364723

San Juan, P.R. 00936-4723

Emergency

CHEMTREC (USA) (800) 424-9300 Customer Service: Harris Paints Company 787-798-1005

2. Hazard identification of the product

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flam. Aerosol 1;H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

Press. Gas;H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Acute Tox 4; H302 Harmful if swallowed

Asp Haz 1; H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Skin Irrit. 2;H315 Causes skin irritation.

Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

STOT SE3; H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness
Carcino, 2; H351 Suspected of causing cancer

Repr. 2;H361D Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

STOT RE 2;H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Specific Target

Organs: (central nervous system)

Aquatic Chronic 2;H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Simple Asphyxiant May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

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2.2. Label elements

Using the Toxicity Data listed in section 11 and 12 the product is labeled as follows.



Danger

- H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.
- H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
- H302 Harmful if swallowed.
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
- H336 May cause drowsiness and dizziness.
- H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
- H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
- May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

[Prevention]:

- P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
- P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- P210 Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces No smoking.
- P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
- P251 Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
- P260 Do not breathe mist / vapors / spray.
- P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.
- P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.
- P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- P273 Avoid release to the environment.
- P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.

[Response]:

- P304+340 IF INHALED: remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
- P302+352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
- P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

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P308+313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice / attention.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor / physician if you feel unwell.

P314 Get Medical advice / attention if you feel unwell.

P321 Specific treatment (see information on this label).

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

P391 Collect spillage.

[Storage]:

P403+233 Store in a well ventilated place. Keep Container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

P410+412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C / 122 °F.

[Disposal]:

P501 Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local / national regulations.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

This product contains the following substances that present a hazard within the meaning of the relevant State and Federal Hazardous Substances regulations.

Ingredient/Chemical Designations	Weight %	GHS Classification	Notes	
Toluene CAS Number: 0000108-88-3	10 - 25	Flam. Liq. 2;H225 Repr. 2;H361d Asp. Tox. 1;H304 STOT RE 2;H373 Skin Irrit. 2;H315 STOT SE 3;H336	[1][2]	
Solvent Solution CAS Number: 0000110-54-3 (50%) CAS number 67-64-1 (50%)	Flam. Liq. 2;H225		[1][2]	
Propane CAS Number: 0000074-98-6	10 - 25	Flam. Gas 1;H220 Press. Gas;H280	[1][2]	
Butane CAS Number: 0000106-97-8	10 - 25	Flam. Gas 1;H220 Press. Gas;H280	[1][2]	
Titanium dioxide CAS Number: 0013463-67-7	10 - 20	Not Classified	[1][2]	
Stoddard solvent CAS Number: 0008052-41-3	1.0 – 7.0	STOT RE 1;H372 Asp. Tox. 1;H304	[1][2]	
Vinyl toluene CAS Number: 0025013-15-4	10 - 25	Skin Irrit. 2;H315	[1][2]	
2-Butanone oxime CAS Number: 0000096-29-7	0.01 – 0.07	Carc. 2;H351 Acute Tox. 4;H312 Eye Dam. 1;H318 Skin Sens. 1;H317	[1]	
COBALT 2-ETHYL HEXANOATE CAS Number: 0000136-52-7	0.01 - 0.07	Acute Tox. 4;H302 Skin Irrit. 2;H315	[1]	

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		Skin Sens. 1;H317 Aquatic Chronic 2;H411	
Xylene (o-, m-, p- isomers) CAs Nmber: 1330-20-7	1.0 – 3.0	Skin Irrit. 2;H315	[1][2]
Ethylbenzene Cas Number:100-41-4	0.10 -0.50	Flam. Liq, 2 Asp Hazard 1; H304 Carc 2, H351 Eye irritation - 2 H319 Skin Irrit. 2;H315 STOT RE 2;H373	[1][2]
Butan-1-ol CAS Number: 0000071-36-3	0.10 – 1.0	Flam. Liq. 3;H226 Acute Tox. 4;H302 STOT SE 3;H335 Skin Irrit. 2;H315 Eye Dam. 1;H318 STOT SE 3;H336	[1][2]

^[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard.

4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Inhalation Move person to fresh air. If breathing stops, apply artificial respiration and seek immediate

medical attention. Place unconscious person on the side in the recovery position and

ensure breathing can take place.

Eyes Make sure to remove any contact lenses from the eyes before rinsing. Flush with large

quantities of water for 15 minutes.

Skin Wash thoroughly with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and

wash skin with soap and water.

Ingestion Do not induce vomiting, can cause chemical pneumonitis and pulmonary edema. Get

medical attention immediately. Provide fresh air, warmth and rest, preferably in comfortable

upright sitting position.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Overview EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE: Overexposure may result in light-headedness,

staggering gait, giddiness, and possible nausea. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents may be harmful or fatal. May cause eye and skin irritation. SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE: Headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination are indications of excessive exposure to vapors or spray mists. Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure. MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE: Pre-existing respiratory, skin, and eye disorders. Temperatures above 250F without adequate ventilation, direct flame. Exposure to solvent vapor concentrations from the component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular

^[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit.

^[3] PBT-substance or vPvB-substance.

^{*}The full texts of the phrases are shown in Section 16.

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weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation

and soreness with possible reversible damage. See section 2 for further details.

Skin Causes skin irritation.

May be harmful if swallowed. (Not adopted by US OSHA) Ingestion

5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Recommended extinguishing media; alcohol resistant foam, CO₂, powder, water fog.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous decomposition: May cause hazardous fumes when heated to decomposition. Fumes may contain carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, oxides of nitrogen and oxides of metals listed in section II. Fumes may also contain oxides of nitrogen.

Eliminate ignition sources, provide good ventilation, dike spill area and add absorbent earth or sawdust to spilled liquid. Thoroughly wet with water and mix.

Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces - No smoking.

Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Do not breathe mist / vapors / spray.

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Respiratory equipment should be worn to avoid inhalation of concentrated vapors. Water should not be used except as fog to keep nearby containers cool. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. Protective equipment for fire-fighters.

Due to pressure build-up, closed containers exposed to extreme heat may explode. During emergency conditions, over-exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

None

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6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).

6.2. Environmental precautions

Eliminate ignition sources, provide good ventilation, dike spill area and add absorbent earth or sawdust to spilled liquid. Thoroughly wet with water and mix.

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Do not allow spills to enter drains or waterways.

Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local state and federal hazardous regulations. Obey relevant law.

7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Use non-sparking utensils when handling this material. Avoid hot metal surface. Keep away from excessive heat and open flames. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

Ground all equipment when handling flammable solvent borne materials. Smoking is strictly prohibited in areas where this material is used.

See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Handle containers carefully to prevent damage and spillage.

Incompatible materials: Alkaline materials, strong acids and oxidizing materials.

See section 2 for further details. - [Storage]:

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

8. Exposure controls and personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
0000074-98-6 Propane		OSHA	TWA 1000 ppm (1800 mg/m3)
		ACGIH	Ensure Minimal Oxygen Content (ACGIH appendix F)
		NIOSH	TWA 1000 ppm (1800 mg/m3)
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0000106-97-8 Butane	OSHA	No Established Limit	
	ACGIH	TWA: 600 ppm STEL: 750 ppm	
		NIOSH	TWA 800 ppm (1900 mg/m3)
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0000108-88-3 Toluene		OSHA	TWA 200 ppm C 300 ppm 500 ppm (10-minute maximum peak)STEL 150 ppm
		ACGIH	TWA: 20 ppmR

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		NIOSH	TWA 100 ppm (375 mg/m3) ST 150 ppm (560 mg/m3)
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0000110-54-3	Hexane	OSHA	TWA 500 ppm (1800 mg/m3)
		ACGIH	TWA: 20 ppmSkin
		NIOSH	TWA 50 ppm (180 mg/m3)
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0008052-41-3	Stoddard solvent	OSHA	TWA 500 ppm (2900 mg/m3)
		ACGIH	TWA: 290 mg/m3STEL: 580 mg/m3
		NIOSH	TWA 350 mg/m3 C 1800 mg/m3 [15-minute]
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0025013-15-4	Vinyl toluene	OSHA	TWA 100 ppm (480 mg/m3)
		ACGIH	TWA: 25 ppm STEL: 75 ppm
		NIOSH	TWA 100 ppm (480 mg/m3)
		Supplier	No Established Limit
		OSHA	TWA: 1000 ppm; STE: 2400 mg/m3
0067-64-1	Acetone	ACGIH	STEL: 750ppm, TWA: 500 ppm
		NIOSH	TWA: 250 ppm; TWA: 590 mg/m3; LEL 2500ppm
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0000096-29-7	2-Butanone oxime	OSHA	No Established Limit
		ACGIH	No Established Limit
		NIOSH	No Established Limit
		Supplier	No Established Limit
		OSHA	PEL 0.1 mg/m3
0000136-52-7 C	COBALT 2-ETHYL HEXANOATE	ACGIH	TLV 0.02 mg/m3
		NIOSH	No Established Limit
		Supplier	No Established Limit
1330-20-7	Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	OSHA	TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 435 mg/m³ (vacated) TWA: 100 ppm (vacated) TWA: 435 mg/m³ (vacated) STEL: 150 ppm (vacated) STEL: 655 mg/m³
		ACGIH	STEL: 150 ppm, 00 ppm
		NIOSH	No Established Limit
		Supplier	No Established Limit
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	OSHA	TWA: 100ppm
		ACGIH	TLV-TEL: 100 ppm, TLV-STEL:125 ppm
		NIOSH	No Established Limit
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0000071-36-3	Butan-1-ol	OSHA	TWA 100 ppm (300 mg/m3)
		ACGIH	TWA: 15 ppm Ceiling: 30 ppm
		NIOSH	C 50 ppm (150 mg/m3) [skin]
		Supplier	No Established Limit

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Carcinogen Data

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value			
0000074-98-6 Propane		OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No			
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No			
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;			
0000106-97-8	Butane	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No			
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No			
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;			
0000108-88-3	Toluene	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No			
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No			
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: Yes; Group 4: No;			
0000110-54-3	Hexane	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No			
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No			
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;			
0008052-41-3	Stoddard solvent	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No			
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No			
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;			
0025013-15-4	Vinyl toluene	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No			
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No			
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: Yes; Group 4: No;			
2-Butanone oxime		OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No			
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No			
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;			
0000136-52-7 COBALT 2-ETHYL HEXANOATE		OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No			
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No			
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;			
	0		Select Carcinogen: No			
1330-20-7	Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	NTP	Known: Yes; Suspected: No			
		IARC	Group 1: NO; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3:YES; Group 4: No;			
		OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No			
67-64-1	Acetone	NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No			
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;			
		OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No			
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No			
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: Yes; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;			
0000071-36-3	Butan-1-ol	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No			
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No			
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;			

8.2. Exposure controls

Respiratory

When spraying this material use a NIOSH approved cartridge respirator or gasmask suitable to keep airborne mists and vapor concentration below threshold limit values. When

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using in poorly ventilated and confined spaces, use a fresh air supplying respirator or a

self-contained breathing apparatus.

Eyes Use chemical safety glasses, goggles and faceshields for eye protection.

Skin Use impermeable aprons and protective clothing whenever possible to prevent skin

contact. The use of head caps whenever possible is strongly recommended. Chemical

resistant gloves.

Engineering Controls General mechanical ventilation or local exhaust should be suitable to keep vapor

concentrations below TLV. Ventilation equipment should be explosion proof.

hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly

remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

9. Physical and chemical properties

AppearanceAerosolOdorStrong

Odor threshold

pH

Not Measured

Melting point / freezing point

Not Measured

Initial boiling point and boiling range

Flash Point

156F / 69C

Evaporation rate (Ether = 1)

Not Measured

Flammability (solid, gas) Gas

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits Lower Explosive Limit: 1

Upper Explosive Limit: 9.5

Vapor pressure (Pa)Not MeasuredVapor DensityNot MeasuredSpecific Gravity0.89 (H2O=1)Solubility in WaterInsolublePartition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)Not Measured

Auto-ignition temperatureNot MeasuredDecomposition temperatureNot MeasuredViscosity (Cup Ford #4, Sec)10-15 secReactivity LimitNFC 0.95Results0.95

9.2. Other information

No other relevant information.

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10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Hazardous Polymerization will not occur.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal circumstances.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Do not expose to heat or store at temperature above 120°F.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Alkaline materials, strong acids and oxidizing materials.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

May cause hazardous fumes when heated to decomposition. Fumes may contain carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, oxides of nitrogen and oxides of metals listed in section II. Fumes may also contain oxides of nitrogen.

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Exposure to solvent vapor concentrations from the component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversible damage.

2-butoxyethanol and its acetate are readily absorbed through the skin and will cause harmful effects on the blood.

Ingredient	Oral LD50, mg/kg	Skin LD50, mg/kg	Inhalation Vapor LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Dust/Mist LD50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Gas LD50, ppm
Toluene - (108-88-3)	636.00, Rat - Category: 4	8,400.00, Rabbit - Category: NA	No data available	No data available	No data available
Hexane - (110-54-3)	25,000.00, Rat - Category: NA	3,000.00, Rabbit - Category: 5	No data available	No data available	48,000.00, Rat - Category: NA
Propane - (74-98-6)	No data available	No data available	658.00, Rat - Category: NA	No data available	No data available
Butane - (106-97-8)	No data available	No data available	658.00, Rat - Category: NA	No data available	No data available
Stoddard solvent - (8052-41-3)	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available

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Vinyl toluene - (25013-15-4)	2,255.00, Rat - Category: 5	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
Acetone (67-64-1)	No data available	No data available	= 50100 mg/m ³ (Rat) 8 h	No data available	No data available
COBALT 2-ETHYL HEXANOATE - (136-52-7)	1,220.00, Rabbit - Category: 4	5,000.00, Rat - Category: 5	No data available	No data available	No data available
2-Butanone oxime - (96-29-7)	930.00, Rat - Category: 4	2,000.00, Rabbit - Category: 4	20.00, Rat - Category: 4	No data available	5,000.00, Rat - Category: 4
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) 1330-20-7	= 4300 mg/kg (Rat)	> 1700 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 47635 mg/L Rat 4 h = 5000 ppm Rat 4 h	No data available	No data available
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	3,500 mg/kg (rat)	15 mg (24hr) Rabbit (mild)	4,000ppm (rat)	No data available	No data available
Butan-1-ol - (71-36-3)	2,292.00, Rat - Category: 5	3,430.00, Rabbit - Category: 5	No data available	No data available	8,000.00, Rat - Category: 4

Note: When no route specific LD50 data is available for an acute toxin, the converted acute toxicity point estimate was used in the calculation of the product's ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimate).

Classification	Category	Hazard Description
Acute toxicity (oral)	4	Harmful if swallowed.
Acute toxicity (dermal)		Not Applicable
Acute toxicity (inhalation)		Not Applicable
Skin corrosion/irritation	2	Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/irritation	2	Causes serious eye irritation
Respiratory sensitization		Not Applicable
Skin sensitization		Not Applicable
Germ cell mutagenicity		May cause genetics defects
Carcinogenicity	2	Suspected of causing Cancer
Reproductive toxicity	2	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
STOT-single exposure	3	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
STOT-repeated exposure	2	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard	1	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

12. Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

No additional information provided for this product. See Section 3 for chemical specific data.

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Aquatic Ecotoxicity

Ingredient	Ingredient 96 hr LC50 fish, mg/l		ErC50 algae, mg/l	
Toluene - (108-88-3)	5.80, Oncorhynchus mykiss	19.60, Daphnia magna	Not Available	
Hexane - (110-54-3)	2.50, Pimephales promelas	3,878.00, Daphnia magna	Not Available	
Propane - (74-98-6)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	
Butane - (106-97-8)	6.00, Fish (Piscis)	Not Available	Not Available	
Stoddard solvent - (8052-41-3)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	
Vinyl toluene - (25013-15-4)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	
COBALT 2-ETHYL HEXANOATE - (136-52-7)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	
2-Butanone oxime - (96-29-7)	320.00, Leuciscus idus	500.00, Daphnia magna	83.00 (72 hr), Scenedesmus subspicatus	
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) 1330-20-7	13.4 mg/L (Pimephales promelas) 661 - 4.093 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) 13.5 - 17.3 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) 13.1 - 16.5 mg/L (Lepomis macrochirus) 19 mg/L (Lepomis macrochirus) 7.711 - 9.591 mg/L (Lepomis macrochirus) 23.53 - 29.97 mg/L (Pimephales promelas) 780 mg/L (Cyprinus carpio) > 780 mg/L (Cyprinus carpio) 30.26 - 40.75 mg/L (Poecilia reticulata)	3.82 mg/	Not Available	
Acetone	96h LC50: 4.74 - 6.33 mL/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) 96h LC50: 6210 - 8120 mg/L (Pimephales promelas) 96h LC50: = 8300 mg/L (Lepomis macrochirus)	Not Available	10294 - 17704 mg/L	
Ehtylbezene (100-41-4)	32.0-97.1 mg/l	Not Available	Not Available	
Butan-1-ol - (71-36-3)	1,376.00, Pimephales promelas	1,328.00, Daphnia magna	500.00 (96 hr), Scenedesmus subspicatus	

12.2. Persistence and degradability

There is no data available on the preparation itself.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Not Measured

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This product contains no PBT/vPvB chemicals.

12.6. Other adverse effects

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No data available.

13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Observe all federal, state and local regulations when disposing of this substance.

14. Transport information

DOT (Domestic Surface IMO / IMDG (Ocean ICAO/IATA

Transportation) Transportation)

14.1. UN number ORM-D UN1950 UN1950

14.2. UN proper shipping UN1950, Aerosols, Limited Aerosols, Limited Quantity Aerosols, Limited

name Quantity, 2.1, NA Quantity

14.3. Transport hazard DOT Hazard Class: 2.1 IMDG: 2.1 Air Class: 2.1

class(es) DOT Label: 2.1 Sub Class: Not

Applicable

14.4. Packing group Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable

14.5. Environmental hazards

IMDG Marine Pollutant: YES Hexane

14.6. Special precautions for user

No further information

15. Regulatory information

Regulatory Overview The regulatory data in Section 15 is not intended to be all-inclusive, only selected

regulations are represented.

Toxic Substance All components of this material are either listed or exempt from listing on the TSCA

Control Act (TSCA) Inventory.

WHMIS Classification A D2A

US EPA Tier II Hazards Fire: Yes

Sudden Release of Pressure: Yes

Reactive: No

Immediate (Acute): Yes Delayed (Chronic): Yes

EPCRA 311/312 Chemicals and RQs (lbs):

Hexane (5,000.00) Toluene (1,000.00)

EPCRA 302 Extremely Hazardous:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

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EPCRA 313 Toxic Chemicals:

Hexane

Toluene

Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxins (>0.0%):

Toluene

Proposition 65 - Female Repro Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels, which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 - Male Repro Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels, which require reporting under this statute.

N.J. RTK Substances (>1%):

Butane

Hexane

Propane

Stoddard solvent

Toluene

Penn RTK Substances (>1%):

Butane

Hexane

Propane

Stoddard solvent

Toluene

16. Other information

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, is made with respect to the information contained herein. We accept no responsibility and disclaim all liability for any harmful effects which may be caused by exposure to our products. Customers/users of this product must comply with all applicable health and safety laws, regulations, and orders.

The full text of the phrases appearing in section 3 is:

H220 Extremely flammable gas.

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

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H351 Suspected of causing Cancer

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H361f Suspected of damaging fertility.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

This is the first version in the GHS SDS format. Listings of changes from previous versions in other formats are not applicable.

To the best or our knowledge, the information contained here is accurate, obtained from sources believed to be accurate. We neither guarantee that any hazards mentioned are the only ones which exists. The manner of that use and whether there is any infringement of patents is the sole responsibility of the user.

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