





## VA-1369 - PAINTERS MARKING COAT YELLOW

### SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

- 1.1 GHS Product identifier:** VA-1369 - PAINTERS MARKING COAT YELLOW  
**Other means of identification:**  
Non-applicable
- 1.2 Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use:**  
Relevant uses: Acrylic paint  
Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3
- 1.3 Name, address, and telephone number of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party:**  
Lanco Manufacturing Corp.  
Urb. Aponte #5  
00754 San Lorenzo - Puerto Rico - Estados Unidos  
Phone.: +1-787-736-4221 - Fax: +1-787-736-5313  
info@lancopaints.com  
http://www.lancopaints.com
- 1.4 Emergency phone number:** CHEMTREC (US Transportation) +1-800-424-9300 | CHEMTREC (International Transportation) +1-703-527-3887

### SECTION 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

- 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:**  
This product contains crystalline silica but due to its liquid state does not require classification (STOT RE)  
**29 CFR 1910.1200:**  
Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with paragraph (d) of § 1910.1200.  
Carc. 1B: Carcinogenicity, Category 1B, H350  
Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids, Category 3, H226  
STOT RE 1: Specific target organ toxicity by inhalation, repeated exposure, Category 1, H372
- 2.2 Label elements:**  
**29 CFR 1910.1200:**  
**Danger**
-  
- Hazard statements:**  
Carc. 1B: H350 - May cause cancer.  
Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.  
STOT RE 1: H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation).
- Precautionary statements:**  
P101: If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.  
P102: Keep out of reach of children.  
P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
P264: Wash thoroughly after use.  
P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.  
P308+P313: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.  
P370+P378: In case of fire: Use ABC powder extinguisher to put it out.  
P501: Dispose of the contents/containers according to the local, state and federal regulations.
- Substances that contribute to the classification**  
Quartz (RCS > 10%); methanol; Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm)
- 2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC):**  
Non-applicable

### SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

- 3.1 Substances:**  
Non-applicable

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### SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS (continued)

#### 3.2 Mixtures:

**Chemical description:** Aqueous mixture composed of chemical products for coatings

**Components:**

Remaining components are non-hazardous and/or present at amounts below reportable limits. The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200. Therefore, in accordance with Appendix D to § 1910.1200, the product contains:

Identification	Chemical name/Classification	Concentration
CAS: 1317-65-3	<b>Limestone</b>	<b>50 - &lt;75 %</b>
CAS: 7732-18-5	<b>Water</b>	<b>25 - &lt;50 %</b>
CAS: Non-applicable	<b>Acrylic polymer</b>	<b>2.5 - &lt;10 %</b>
CAS: 14808-60-7	<b>Quartz (RCS &gt; 10%)</b> Carc. 1B: H350; STOT RE 1: H372 - Danger	<b>2.5 - &lt;10 %</b>
CAS: 67-56-1	<b>methanol</b> Acute Tox. 3: H301+H311+H331; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; STOT SE 1: H370 - Danger	<b>2.5 - &lt;10 %</b>
CAS: 13463-67-7	<b>Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm)</b> Carc. 2: H351 - Warning	<b>1 - &lt;2.5 %</b>

To obtain more information on the hazards of the substances consult sections 11, 12 and 16.

### SECTION 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES

#### 4.1 Description of necessary measures:

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product.

**By inhalation:**

Remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide with fresh air and keep at rest. In serious cases such as cardiorespiratory failure, artificial resuscitation techniques will be necessary (mouth to mouth resuscitation, cardiac massage, oxygen supply, etc.) requiring immediate medical assistance.

**By skin contact:**

This product is not classified as hazardous when in contact with the skin. However, in case of skin contact it is recommended to remove contaminated clothes and shoes, rinse the skin or shower the person affected if necessary thoroughly with cold water and neutral soap. In case of serious reaction consult a doctor.

**By eye contact:**

Rinse eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, as this could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS of the product.

**By ingestion/aspiration:**

Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. Keep the person affected at rest. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed:

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

#### 4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary:

Non-applicable

### SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

#### 5.1 Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media:

**Suitable extinguishing media:**

If possible use polyvalent powder fire extinguishers (ABC powder), alternatively use foam or carbon dioxide extinguishers (CO<sub>2</sub>).

**Unsuitable extinguishing media:**

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### SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES (continued)

IT IS RECOMMENDED NOT to use full jet water as an extinguishing agent.

#### 5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical:

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

#### 5.3 Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters:

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and individual respiratory equipment. Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...)

##### Additional provisions:

As in any fire, prevent human exposure to fire, smoke, fumes or products of combustion. Only properly trained personnel should be involved in firefighting. Evacuate nonessential personnel from the fire area. Destroy any source of ignition. In case of fire, refrigerate the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to inflammation. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

### SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inertization agent. Destroy any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions:

The characteristic of Ignitability per RCRA could apply to the unused product if it becomes a waste material. The EPA hazardous waste number D001 could apply. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to evaluate whether his wastes are hazardous by characteristics or listing.

#### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

It is recommended:

Absorb the spillage using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. For any concern related to disposal consult section 13.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections 8 and 13.

### SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

##### A.- Precautions for safe manipulation

Comply with the current standards 29 CFR 1910 Occupational Safety and Health Standards. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

##### B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions

Because the product is a flammable liquid, storage should meet the requirement of 29 CFR 1910.106, Flammable and Combustible Liquids Code. Transfer in well ventilated areas, preferably through localized extraction. Fully control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and ventilate during cleaning operations. Avoid the existence of dangerous atmospheres inside containers, applying inertization systems where possible. Transfer at a slow speed to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Against the possibility of electrostatic charges: ensure a perfect equipotential connection, always use groundings, do not wear work clothes made of acrylic fibres, preferably wearing cotton clothing and conductive footwear. Comply with the essential security requirements for equipment and systems and with the minimum requirements for protecting the security and health of workers. Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

##### C.- Technical recommendations to prevent ergonomic and toxicological risks

Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

##### D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

It is recommended to have absorbent material available at close proximity to the product (See subsection 6.3)

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

##### A.- Technical measures for storage

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### SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE (continued)

Minimum Temp.: 45 °F  
Maximum Temp.: 100 °F  
Maximum time: 24 Months

B.- General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s):

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 8.1 Control parameters:

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be monitored in the workplace:

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000):

Identification	Occupational exposure limits		
methanol CAS: 67-56-1	8-hour TWA PEL	200 ppm	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		
Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm) CAS: 13463-67-7	8-hour TWA PEL		15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values:

Identification	Occupational exposure limits		
Limestone CAS: 1317-65-3	TLV-TWA		10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TLV-STEL		20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Quartz (RCS > 10%) CAS: 14808-60-7	TLV-TWA		0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TLV-STEL		
methanol CAS: 67-56-1	TLV-TWA	200 ppm	
	TLV-STEL	250 ppm	
Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm) CAS: 13463-67-7	TLV-TWA		10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TLV-STEL		

CALIFORNIA- TABLE AC-1 PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMITS FOR CHEMICAL CONTAMINANTS:


Identification	Occupational exposure limits		
Quartz (RCS > 10%) CAS: 14808-60-7	PEL		0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	STEL		
methanol CAS: 67-56-1	PEL	200 ppm	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	STEL	250 ppm	325 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

#### 8.2 Appropriate engineering controls:

A.- Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Always provide effective general and, when necessary, local exhaust ventilation to maintain the ambient workplace atmosphere below the exposure limits.. For more information on Personal Protection Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For additional information see subsection 7.1. All information contained herein is a recommendation, the information on clothing performance must be combined with professional judgment, and a clear understanding of the clothing application, to provide the best protection to the worker. All chemical protective clothing use must be based on a hazard assessment to determine the risks for exposure to chemicals and other hazards. Conduct hazard assessments in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.132.

B.- Respiratory protection


Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
 Mandatory respiratory tract protection	Filter mask for gases and vapours	Replace when there is a taste or smell of the contaminant inside the face mask. If the contaminant comes with warnings it is recommended to use isolation equipment. Use respirator in accordance with manufacturer's use limitations and OSHA standard 1910.134 (29CFR)

C.- Specific protection for the hands

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**SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)**



Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
 Mandatory hand protection	NON-disposable chemical protective gloves	The Breakthrough Time indicated by the manufacturer must exceed the period during which the product is being used. Do not use protective creams after the product has come into contact with skin. Use gloves in accordance with manufacturer's use limitations and OSHA standard 1910.138 (29CFR)

As the product is a mixture of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance with total reliability and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.



D.- Ocular and facial protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
 Mandatory face protection	Face shield	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing. Use this PPE in accordance with manufacturer's use limitations and OSHA standard 1910.133 (29CFR)

E.- Bodily protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
 Mandatory complete body protection	Disposable clothing for protection against chemical risks, with antistatic and fireproof properties	For professional use only. Clean periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions.
 Mandatory foot protection	Safety footwear for protection against chemical risk, with antistatic and heat resistant properties	Replace boots at any sign of deterioration.

F.- Additional emergency measures

Emergency measure	Standards	Emergency measure	Standards
 Emergency shower	ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011	 Eyewash stations	DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011

**Environmental exposure controls:**

In accordance with the community legislation for the protection of the environment it is recommended to avoid environmental spillage of both the product and its container. For additional information see subsection 7.1.D

**National volatile organic compound emission standards (40 CFR Part 59):**

V.O.C. (Subpart C - Consumer):	3.17 % weight
V.O.C. (Coatings) at 68 °F:	117 kg/m <sup>3</sup> (117 g/L)

**SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

**9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:**

For complete information see the product datasheet.

**Appearance:**

Physical state at 68 °F:	Liquid
Appearance:	Viscous
Color:	 Yellow
Odor:	Not available
Odour threshold:	Non-applicable *

**Volatility:**

Boiling point at atmospheric pressure:	207 °F
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\*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

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### SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (continued)

Vapour pressure at 68 °F:	2936 Pa
Vapour pressure at 122 °F:	14767.25 Pa (14.77 kPa)
Evaporation rate at 68 °F:	Non-applicable *
<b>Product description:</b>	
Density at 68 °F:	1612.4 kg/m <sup>3</sup>
Relative density at 68 °F:	1.612
Dynamic viscosity at 68 °F:	Non-applicable *
Kinematic viscosity at 68 °F:	Non-applicable *
Kinematic viscosity at 104 °F:	>20.5 cSt
Concentration:	Non-applicable *
pH:	7.5 - 8.5
Vapour density at 68 °F:	Non-applicable *
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 68 °F:	Non-applicable *
Solubility in water at 68 °F:	
Solubility properties:	Non-applicable *
Decomposition temperature:	Non-applicable *
Melting point/freezing point:	Non-applicable *
Explosive properties:	Non-applicable *
Oxidising properties:	Non-applicable *
<b>Flammability:</b>	
Flash Point:	116 °F
Heat of combustion:	Non-applicable *
Flammability (solid, gas):	Non-applicable *
Autoignition temperature:	473 °F
Lower flammability limit:	Not available
Upper flammability limit:	Not available
<b>Explosive:</b>	
Lower explosive limit:	Non-applicable *
Upper explosive limit:	Non-applicable *
<b>9.2 Other information:</b>	
Surface tension at 68 °F:	Non-applicable *
Refraction index:	Non-applicable *

\*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

### SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

#### 10.1 Reactivity:

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability:

Chemically stable under the conditions of storage, handling and use.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid:

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity
Not applicable	Not applicable	Risk of combustion	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable

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### SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY (continued)

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials:

Acids	Water	Oxidising materials	Combustible materials	Others
Avoid strong acids	Not applicable	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable	Avoid alkalis or strong bases

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

### SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects:

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

##### Dangerous health implications:

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than recommended by the occupational exposure limits, it may result in adverse effects on health depending on the means of exposure:

##### A- Ingestion (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for consumption. For more information see section 3.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

##### B- Inhalation (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

##### C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):

- Contact with the skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for skin contact. For more information see section 3.
- Contact with the eyes: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

##### D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):

- Carcinogenicity: Exposure to this product can cause cancer. For more specific information on the possible health effects see section 2.  
IARC: Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter  $\leq 10 \mu\text{m}$ ) (2B); Quartz (RCS > 10%) (1)
- Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

##### E- Sensitizing effects:

- Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
- Cutaneous: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

##### F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it does contain substances which are classified as dangerous as a result of a single exposure. For more information see section 3.

##### G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:

- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Serious health effects in the case of prolonged inhalation, including death, serious functional disorders or morphological changes of toxicological importance.
- Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

##### H- Aspiration hazard:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

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### SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

#### Other information:

CAS 13463-67-7 Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter  $\leq 10 \mu\text{m}$ ): The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures in powder form containing 1 % or more of titanium dioxide which is in the form of or incorporated in particles with aerodynamic diameter  $\leq 10 \mu\text{m}$

#### Specific toxicology information on the substances:

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter $\leq 10 \mu\text{m}$ ) CAS: 13463-67-7	LD50 oral	10000 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	10000 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	Non-applicable	
methanol CAS: 67-56-1	LD50 oral	100 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	300 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	3 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
Limestone CAS: 1317-65-3	LD50 oral	5100 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	Non-applicable	
	LC50 inhalation	Non-applicable	

### SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The experimental information related to the eco-toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

#### 12.1 Ecotoxicity (aquatic and terrestrial, where available):

Identification	Acute toxicity		Species	Genus
methanol CAS: 67-56-1	LC50	15400 mg/L (96 h)	Lepomis macrochirus	Fish
	EC50	12000 mg/L (96 h)	Nitrocras spinipes	Crustacean
	EC50	530 mg/L (168 h)	Microcystis aeruginosa	Algae

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability:

Identification	Degradability		Biodegradability	
methanol CAS: 67-56-1	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	100 mg/L
	COD	1.42 g O <sub>2</sub> /g	Period	14 days
	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	92 %

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:

Identification	Bioaccumulation potential	
methanol CAS: 67-56-1	BCF	3
	Pow Log	-0.77
	Potential	Low

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil:

Identification	Absorption/desorption		Volatility	
methanol CAS: 67-56-1	Koc	Non-applicable	Henry	Non-applicable
	Conclusion	Non-applicable	Dry soil	Non-applicable
	Surface tension	2.355E-2 N/m (77 °F)	Moist soil	Non-applicable

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

Non-applicable

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects:

Not described

### SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### 13.1 Disposal methods:

##### Waste management (disposal and evaluation):

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations. In case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-dangerous residue. We do not recommended disposal down the drain. See epigraph 6.2.

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### SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS (continued)

#### Regulations related to waste management:

Legislation related to waste management:

40 CFR Part 261- IDENTIFICATION AND LISTING OF HAZARDOUS WASTE

### SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### Transport of dangerous goods by land:

With regard to 49 CFR on the Transport of Dangerous Goods:



- 14.1 UN number:** UN1263  
**14.2 UN proper shipping name:** PAINT  
**14.3 Transport hazard class(es):** 3  
Labels: 3  
**14.4 Packing group, if applicable:** III  
**14.5 Marine pollutant:** No  
**14.6 Special precautions which a user needs to be aware of, or needs to comply with, in connection with transport or conveyance either within or outside their premises**  
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9  
Limited quantities: 5 L  
**14.7 Transport in bulk (according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code):** Non-applicable

#### Transport of dangerous goods by sea:

With regard to IMDG 39-18:



- 14.1 UN number:** UN1263  
**14.2 UN proper shipping name:** PAINT  
**14.3 Transport hazard class(es):** 3  
Labels: 3  
**14.4 Packing group, if applicable:** III  
**14.5 Marine pollutant:** No  
**14.6 Special precautions which a user needs to be aware of, or needs to comply with, in connection with transport or conveyance either within or outside their premises**  
Special regulations: 223, 955, 163, 367  
EmS Codes: F-E, S-E  
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9  
Limited quantities: 5 L  
Segregation group: Non-applicable  
**14.7 Transport in bulk (according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code):** Non-applicable

#### Transport of dangerous goods by air:

With regard to IATA/ICAO 2021:



- 14.1 UN number:** UN1263  
**14.2 UN proper shipping name:** PAINT  
**14.3 Transport hazard class(es):** 3  
Labels: 3  
**14.4 Packing group, if applicable:** III  
**14.5 Marine pollutant:** No  
**14.6 Special precautions which a user needs to be aware of, or needs to comply with, in connection with transport or conveyance either within or outside their premises**  
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9  
**14.7 Transport in bulk (according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code):** Non-applicable

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## VA-1369 - PAINTERS MARKING COAT YELLOW

### SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question:

SARA Title III - Toxic Chemical Release Inventory Reporting (Section 313): methanol  
California Proposition 65 (the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986): Quartz (RCS > 10%) ; methanol ; Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter  $\leq 10 \mu\text{m}$ )  
The Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) : Limestone ; Water ; Quartz (RCS > 10%) ; methanol ; Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter  $\leq 10 \mu\text{m}$ )  
Massachusetts RTK - Substance List: Limestone ; Quartz (RCS > 10%) ; methanol ; Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter  $\leq 10 \mu\text{m}$ )  
New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act: Limestone ; Quartz (RCS > 10%) ; methanol ; Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter  $\leq 10 \mu\text{m}$ )  
New York RTK - Substance list: methanol ; Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter  $\leq 10 \mu\text{m}$ )  
Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law: Limestone ; Quartz (RCS > 10%) ; methanol ; Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter  $\leq 10 \mu\text{m}$ )  
CANADA-Domestic Substances List (DSL): Water ; Quartz (RCS > 10%) ; methanol ; Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter  $\leq 10 \mu\text{m}$ )  
CANADA-Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL): Limestone  
NTP (National Toxicology Program): Quartz (RCS > 10%)  
Minnesota - Hazardous substances ERTK: Limestone ; Quartz (RCS > 10%) ; methanol ; Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter  $\leq 10 \mu\text{m}$ )  
Rhode Island - Hazardous substances RTK: Limestone ; Quartz (RCS > 10%) ; methanol ; Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter  $\leq 10 \mu\text{m}$ )  
OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1096): Quartz (RCS > 10%)  
Hazardous Air Pollutants (Clean Air Act): methanol  
Hazardous substances release notification under CERCLA sections 102-103 (40 CFR Part 302): methanol (5000 pounds)

#### Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as data used in a risk evaluation of the local circumstances in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the manipulation, use, storage and disposal of this product.

#### Other legislation:

Take into consideration other applicable federal, state, and local laws and local regulations.

### SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

#### Legislation related to safety data sheets:

This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with Appendix d to §1910.1200 - Safety data sheets

#### Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:

H350: May cause cancer.

H372: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation).

H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

#### Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3

#### 29 CFR 1910.1200:

Acute Tox. 3: H301+H311+H331 - Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.

Carc. 1B: H350 - May cause cancer.

Carc. 2: H351 - Suspected of causing cancer (Inhalation).

Flam. Liq. 2: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

STOT RE 1: H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation).

STOT SE 1: H370 - Causes damage to organs.

#### Advice related to training:

Minimal training is recommended to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product, in order to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product.

#### Principal bibliographical sources:

Occupational Safety & Health Administration (OSHA).

#### Abbreviations and acronyms:



**VA-1369 - PAINTERS MARKING COAT YELLOW**

**SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION (continued)**

IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code  
IATA: International Air Transport Association  
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation  
COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand  
BOD5: 5-day biochemical oxygen demand  
BCF: Bioconcentration factor  
LD50: Lethal Dose 50  
CL50: Lethal Concentration 50  
EC50: Effective concentration 50  
Log-POW: Octanol-water partition coefficient  
Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon



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END OF SAFETY DATA SHEET