



## SAFETY DATA SHEET

### Field Stripe White Pastel Premium

According to Appendix D, OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR §1910.1200

#### 1. Identification

##### Product identifier

**Product name** Field Stripe White Pastel Premium

**Product number** FS-2926

##### Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

**Application** Paint.

**Uses advised against** No specific uses advised against are identified.

##### Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

**Supplier** See Manufacturer

**Contact Person** Milton Arnold

**Manufacturer** LANCO & HARRIS CORP.  
600 MID FLORIDA DRIVE  
ORLANDO, FL. 32824  
407-240-4000  
www.lancopaints.com

##### Emergency telephone number

**Emergency telephone** Office 407-240-4000 9 – 5 eastern M\_F  
Chemtrec 24 Hours: 800-424-9300

#### 2. Hazard(s) identification

##### Classification of the substance or mixture

**Physical hazards** Not Classified

**Health hazards** Carc. 2 - H351

**Environmental hazards** Not Classified

##### Label elements

##### Pictogram



**Signal word** Warning

**Hazard statements** H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

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**Precautionary statements**

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.  
 P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
 P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.  
 P308+P313 If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.  
 P405 Store locked up.  
 P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

**Contains** Titanium dioxide

### Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Mixtures

<b>Titanium dioxide</b>	<b>10-30%</b>
CAS number: 13463-67-7	
<b>Classification</b>	
Carc. 2 - H351	
<b>Limestone</b>	<b>10-30%</b>
CAS number: 1317-65-3	
<b>Classification</b>	
Not Classified	
<b>Silicon dioxide</b>	<b>1-5%</b>
CAS number: 7631-86-9	
<b>Classification</b>	
Not Classified	
<b>Aluminum hydroxide</b>	<b>&lt;1%</b>
CAS number: 21645-51-2	
<b>Classification</b>	
Not Classified	
<b>Zirconium(IV) oxide</b>	<b>&lt;1%</b>
CAS number: 1314-23-4	
<b>Classification</b>	
Not Classified	

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<b>Crystalline silica (Quartz)</b> <span style="float: right;"><b>&lt;1%</b></span> CAS number: 14808-60-7
<b>Classification</b> Carc. 1A - H350 STOT RE 1 - H372
<b>Ammonium hydroxide solution</b> <span style="float: right;"><b>&lt;1%</b></span> CAS number: 1336-21-6 M factor (Acute) = 1
<b>Classification</b> Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 STOT SE 3 - H335 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

**Composition comments**      \* The exact percentage withheld as a trade secret in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200.

### 4. First-aid measures

#### Description of first aid measures

<b>General information</b>	Get medical attention immediately. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.
<b>Inhalation</b>	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Remove any dentures. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt.
<b>Skin Contact</b>	Rinse with water.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes.
<b>Protection of first aiders</b>	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. If it is suspected that volatile contaminants are still present around the affected person, first aid personnel should wear an appropriate respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it from the affected person, or wear gloves. It may be dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

<b>General information</b>	See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
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<b>Inhalation</b>	Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause the following adverse effects: May cause cancer.
<b>Ingestion</b>	May cause irritation. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause the following adverse effects: May cause cancer.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Redness. Irritating to skin. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause the following adverse effects: May cause cancer.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Irritating to eyes.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Notes for the doctor**                      Treat symptomatically.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media**      The product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media**      Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Specific hazards**                              Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.

**Hazardous combustion products**      Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapors.

### Advice for firefighters

**Protective actions during firefighting**      Avoid breathing fire gases or vapors. Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapors, fumes and smoke. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapors and protect men stopping the leak. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.

**Special protective equipment for firefighters**      Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Standard Firefighter's clothing including helmets, protective boots and gloves will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**Personal precautions**                      No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material.

### Environmental precautions

**Environmental precautions**              Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Large Spillages: Inform the relevant authorities if environmental pollution occurs (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

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<b>Methods for cleaning up</b>	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Approach the spillage from upwind. Small Spillages: If the product is soluble in water, dilute the spillage with water and mop it up. Alternatively, or if it is not water-soluble, absorb the spillage with an inert, dry material and place it in a suitable waste disposal container. Large Spillages: If leakage cannot be stopped, evacuate area. Flush spilled material into an effluent treatment plant, or proceed as follows. Contain and absorb spillage with sand, earth or other non-combustible material. Place waste in labeled, sealed containers. Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly, observing environmental regulations. The contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazard as the spilled material. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.
<b>Reference to other sections</b>	For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

### 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

<b>Usage precautions</b>	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimize spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid the formation of mists. May cause cancer. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers.
<b>Advice on general occupational hygiene</b>	Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

<b>Storage precautions</b>	Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store in accordance with local regulations. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Utilize retaining walls to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, jointless and not absorbent.
<b>Storage class</b>	Chemical storage.
<b><u>Specific end uses(s)</u></b>	
<b>Specific end use(s)</b>	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.

### 8. Exposure Controls/personal protection

#### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

##### **Titanium dioxide**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

A4

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OSHA 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup> total dust

##### **Limestone**

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Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OSHA 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup> total dust  
 Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OSHA 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> respirable fraction  
 Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OSHA 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> respirable fraction  
 Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OSHA 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup> total dust  
 Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OSHA 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup> total dust  
 Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OSHA 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> respirable fraction

### Silicon dioxide

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OSHA 0.8 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

### Aluminum hydroxide

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> respirable fraction

### Zirconium(IV) oxide

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OSHA 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): ACGIH 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

### Crystalline silica (Quartz)

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH 0.025 mg/m<sup>3</sup> respirable fraction  
 A2

### Ammonium hydroxide solution

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): OSHA 35 ppm 27 mg/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH 25 ppm 18 mg/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): ACGIH 35 ppm 27 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.

OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

A4 = Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen.

A2 = Suspected Human Carcinogen.

### Titanium dioxide (CAS: 13463-67-7)

**Immediate danger to life and health** 5000 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

### Silicon dioxide (CAS: 7631-86-9)

**Immediate danger to life and health** 3000 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

### Crystalline silica (Quartz) (CAS: 14808-60-7)

**Immediate danger to life and health** 50 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 25 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

### Exposure controls

#### Protective equipment



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<b>Appropriate engineering controls</b>	Provide adequate ventilation. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimize worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimize exposure.
<b>Eye/face protection</b>	Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with OSHA 1910.133. Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
<b>Hand protection</b>	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with OSHA 1910.138 and be demonstrated to be impervious to the chemical and resist degradation. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.
<b>Other skin and body protection</b>	Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.
<b>Hygiene measures</b>	Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Preventive industrial medical examinations should be carried out. Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the product.
<b>Respiratory protection</b>	Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is NIOSH approved. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134.
<b>Environmental exposure controls</b>	Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

#### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<b>Appearance</b>	Liquid.
<b>Color</b>	Various colors.
<b>Odor</b>	Mild.
<b>Odor threshold</b>	Not available.
<b>pH</b>	pH (concentrated solution): 7.8 - 8.5
<b>Melting point</b>	Not available.

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<b>Initial boiling point and range</b>	Not available.
<b>Flash point</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	Not available.
<b>Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits</b>	Not available.
<b>Vapor pressure</b>	Not available.
<b>Vapor density</b>	Not available.
<b>Relative density</b>	Lighter than air.
<b>Solubility(ies)</b>	Soluble in water.
<b>Partition coefficient</b>	Not available.
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	Not available.
<b>Decomposition Temperature</b>	Not available.
<b>Viscosity</b>	Not available.
<b>Specific Gravity (H2O = 1)</b>	1.483
<b>Explosive properties</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Oxidizing properties</b>	Not available.
<b>Coating v.o.c.</b>	0 g/l
<b>Material v.o.c.</b>	0 g/l

### 10. Stability and reactivity

<b>Reactivity</b>	See the other subsections of this section for further details.
<b>Stability</b>	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	No potentially hazardous reactions known.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	There are no known conditions that are likely to result in a hazardous situation.
<b>Materials to avoid</b>	No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a hazardous situation.
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapors.

### 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

##### Acute toxicity - oral

**Notes (oral LD<sub>50</sub>)** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

##### Acute toxicity - dermal

**Notes (dermal LD<sub>50</sub>)** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

##### Acute toxicity - inhalation



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<b>Notes (inhalation LC<sub>50</sub>)</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b><u>Skin corrosion/irritation</u></b>	
<b>Animal data</b>	Irritating.
<b><u>Serious eye damage/irritation</u></b>	
<b>Serious eye damage/irritation</b>	Causes serious eye irritation.
<b><u>Respiratory sensitization</u></b>	
<b>Respiratory sensitization</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b><u>Skin sensitization</u></b>	
<b>Skin sensitization</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b><u>Germ cell mutagenicity</u></b>	
<b>Genotoxicity - in vitro</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b><u>Carcinogenicity</u></b>	
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	May cause cancer.
<b>IARC carcinogenicity</b>	Contains a substance/a group of substances which may cause cancer. IARC Group 1 Carcinogenic to humans.
<b><u>Reproductive toxicity</u></b>	
<b>Reproductive toxicity - fertility</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b>Reproductive toxicity - development</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b><u>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</u></b>	
<b>STOT - single exposure</b>	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.
<b><u>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure</u></b>	
<b>STOT - repeated exposure</b>	STOT RE 1 - H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
<b><u>Aspiration hazard</u></b>	
<b>Aspiration hazard</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b><u>General information</u></b>	
<b>General information</b>	May cause cancer after repeated exposure. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
<b>Inhalation</b>	Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system.
<b>Ingestion</b>	May cause irritation.
<b>Skin Contact</b>	Redness. Irritating to skin.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Irritating to eyes.
<b>Route of entry</b>	Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact
<b>Target Organs</b>	No specific target organs known.

### 12. Ecological Information

<b>Ecotoxicity</b>	Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.
<b>Toxicity</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

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### Persistence and degradability

**Persistence and degradability** The degradability of the product is not known.

### Bioaccumulative potential

**Bio-Accumulative Potential** No data available on bioaccumulation.

**Partition coefficient** Not available.

### Mobility in soil

**Mobility** No data available.

### Other adverse effects

**Other adverse effects** None known.

## 13. Disposal considerations

### Waste treatment methods

#### **General information**

The generation of waste should be minimized or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.

#### **Disposal methods**

Do not empty into drains. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labeled with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

## 14. Transport information

#### **General**

The product is not covered by international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods (IMDG, IATA, DOT).

#### **UN Number**

Not applicable.

#### **UN proper shipping name**

Not applicable.

#### **Transport hazard class(es)**

Not regulated.

#### **Environmental hazards**

##### **Environmentally Hazardous Substance**

No.

#### **Special precautions for user**

Not applicable.

## 15. Regulatory information

### **US Federal Regulations**

## Field Stripe White Pastel Premium

### SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Tier II Threshold Planning Quantities

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

### CERCLA/Superfund, Hazardous Substances/Reportable Quantities (EPA)

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

*Ammonium hydroxide solution*

Final CERCLA RQ: 1000(454) pounds (Kilograms)

### SARA Extremely Hazardous Substances EPCRA Reportable Quantities

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

### SARA 313 Emission Reporting

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

*2-Bromo-2-(bromomethyl)pentanedinitrile*

1.0 %

*Ammonium hydroxide solution*

1.0 %

### CAA Accidental Release Prevention

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

### FDA - Essential Chemical

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

### FDA - Precursor Chemical

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

### SARA (311/312) Hazard Categories

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

### OSHA Highly Hazardous Chemicals

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

### US State Regulations

#### California Proposition 65 Carcinogens and Reproductive Toxins

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

*Silicon dioxide*

Known to the State of California to cause cancer.

*Titanium dioxide*

Known to the State of California to cause cancer.

#### California Air Toxics "Hot Spots" (A-I)

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

*Silicon dioxide*

#### California Air Toxics "Hot Spots" (A-II)

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

#### California Directors List of Hazardous Substances

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

*Ammonium hydroxide solution*

*Silicon dioxide*

## Field Stripe White Pastel Premium

### Massachusetts "Right To Know" List

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

*Crystalline silica (Quartz)*

*Ammonium hydroxide solution*

*Limestone*

*Zirconium(IV) oxide*

*Silicon dioxide*

*Titanium dioxide*

### Rhode Island "Right To Know" List

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

*Crystalline silica (Quartz)*

*Limestone*

*Titanium dioxide*

### Minnesota "Right To Know" List

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

*Crystalline silica (Quartz)*

*Limestone*

*Silicon dioxide*

*Titanium dioxide*

### New Jersey "Right To Know" List

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

*Crystalline silica (Quartz)*

*2-Bromo-2-(bromomethyl)pentanedinitrile*

*2,2-dibromo-2-cyanoacetamide*

*Ammonium hydroxide solution*

*Limestone*

*Titanium dioxide*

### Pennsylvania "Right To Know" List

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

*Crystalline silica (Quartz)*

*Ammonium hydroxide solution*

*Limestone*

*Silicon dioxide*

*Titanium dioxide*

### Inventories

#### US - TSCA

All the ingredients are listed or exempt.

#### US - TSCA 12(b) Export Notification

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

### 16. Other information

## Field Stripe White Pastel Premium

<b>Classification abbreviations and acronyms</b>	Carc. = Carcinogenicity Eye Irrit. = Eye irritation Skin Irrit. = Skin irritation STOT RE = Specific target organ toxicity-repeated exposure
<b>Training advice</b>	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Only trained personnel should use this material.
<b>Revision comments</b>	This is first issue.
<b>Issued by</b>	Milton Arnold
<b>Revision date</b>	6/22/2017
<b>Revision</b>	1
<b>SDS No.</b>	5011
<b>SDS status</b>	Approved.
<b>Hazard statements in full</b>	H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H350 May cause cancer. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H372 Causes damage to organs (Lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
<b>End of SDS</b>	XX

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.